

ORDINANCE NO. 2025-__

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH, FLORIDA, AMENDING CHAPTER 74, "VACATION RENTALS"; AMENDING REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS; PROVIDING ADVERTISING REQUIREMENTS FOR VACATION RENTALS; AMENDING PARKING REQUIREMENTS TO LIMIT AMOUNT OF VEHICLES AT VACATION RENTALS AND ADVERTISING REQUIREMENTS; AMENDING MAXIMUM OCCUPANCY CAPACITY AND ADVERTISING REQUIREMENTS; PROVIDING FOR BACKGROUND CHECKS OF OCCUPANTS OVER EIGHTEEN YEARS OLD; PROVIDING FOR NOISE REGULATIONS AND PENALTIES; PROVIDING FOR REGISTRATION SUSPENSION; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, on May 20, 2020, the Town Commission of the Town of Melbourne Beach adopted Ordinance 2020-02 to provide for the regulation of vacation rentals; and

WHEREAS, the Town Commission has conducted workshops and has directed staff to review parking requirements, maximum occupancy levels, and enforcement provisions related to vacation rentals; and

WHEREAS, after hearing from the citizens of the Town of Melbourne Beach, many of whom are directly impacted by vacation rentals, and after review of Ordinance 2020-02, the Town Commission desires to modify the provisions of Ordinance 2020-02 related to parking requirements and maximum occupancy levels, and to provide for enforcement and penalties related to violations of the Town Code of Ordinances related to vacation rentals.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED BY THE TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH, FLORIDA:

Section 1. The findings set forth in the recitals above are adopted and fully incorporated herein as legislative findings of the Town Commission pertaining to this Ordinance.

Section 2. Chapter 74, "Vacation Rentals," of the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances, shall be amended as follows (Note: additions indicated by underscore; deletions indicated by ~~striketrough~~; and text that shall remain unaltered that is not reproduced here is indicated by ellipses (***)

Section 3. Chapter 74, "Vacation Rentals," is hereby amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 74-1. AUTHORITY, SCOPE, AND PURPOSE.

(A) This chapter is enacted under the home rule authority and power of the Town of Melbourne Beach in the interest of the health, peace, safety and general welfare of the citizens of the Town of Melbourne Beach.

(B) Section 509.013, Florida Statutes, provides a distinction between "transient public lodging establishments," defined as dwelling units which are rented, advertised or held out for rental to guests more than three times in a calendar year for periods of less than 30 days or one calendar month, whichever is less, and "nontransient public lodging establishments," defined as dwelling units which are rented, advertised or held out for rental to guests for periods of at least 30 days or one calendar month, whichever is less.

(C) Section 509.242(1)(c), Florida Statutes, further provides for a subset of transient public lodging establishments, classified as "vacation rental" which is any unit or group of units in a condominium or cooperative or any individually or collectively owned single-family, two-family, three-family or four-family house or dwelling unit that is also a transient public lodging establishment but that is not a timeshare project.

(D) It is the intent of this chapter to regulate vacation rental transient public lodging establishments as defined by Florida Statutes, which are located in the 1 RS, 2 RS, 3 RS, 4 RM, 5-RMO, and 8-B zoning districts of the Town of Melbourne Beach, which may permit vacation rentals to operate pursuant to the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances, Appendix A, Land Development Code §§ 7A 31-36, as may be amended from time to time.

(E) ~~In 2011, the Florida Legislature passed House Bill 883 (Chapter 2011-119, Laws of Florida) amending Florida Statutes, § 509.032(7)(b) to provide that, "[a] local law, ordinance, or regulation may not restrict the use of vacation rentals, prohibit vacation rentals, or regulate vacation rentals based solely on their classification, use, or occupancy. This paragraph does not apply to any local law, ordinance, or regulation adopted on or before June 1, 2011."~~

(F) In 2014, the Florida Legislature passed Senate Bill 356 (Chapter 2014-71, Laws of Florida) amending Florida Statutes, § 509.032(7)(b) to read, "[a] local law, ordinance, or regulation may not prohibit vacation rentals or regulate the duration of frequency of rental of vacation rentals. This paragraph does not apply to any local law, ordinance, or regulation adopted on or before June 1, 2011."

(G) ~~The official statement of legislative intent of Senate Bill 356 as reflected in the House of Representatives' Final Bill Analysis, dated June 19, 2014, states that the "Effect of the Bill" is as follows:~~

~~(1) The bill permits local governments to create regulations that distinguishes vacation rentals from other residential property. In the past, local government regulations have included noise, parking, registration, and signage requirements for vacation rentals.~~

~~(2) The bill does not allow local governments to create regulations that would prohibit vacation rentals or restrict the duration or frequency of vacation rentals. These types of regulation remain preempted to the state.~~

~~(3) The grandfather provision in existing law exempting any local law, ordinance, or regulation adopted on or before June 1, 2011, is maintained. Any local law, ordinance, or regulation passed before that date that prohibits or restricts vacation rentals based on the duration or frequency may continue to be enforced.~~

(H) This chapter does not prohibit vacation rentals, or the duration or frequency of vacation rentals, nor is it the intention of the Town of Melbourne Beach to do so, but rather, this chapter is intended to address life, safety, and compatibility concerns in the interests of the health, peace, safety, and general welfare of the citizens and visitors to the Town of Melbourne Beach.

§ 74-2. FINDINGS OF FACTS.

Based on information presented to the Town Commission Members by residents of Melbourne Beach and managers, owners, and operators of vacation rentals, the practical first-hand experience and observations of Town Commission Members, common sense deductions of Town Commission Members based on long-term experiences in Melbourne Beach and familiarity with the character of the town's residential zoning districts, information learned by Town of Melbourne Beach staff, information from the U.S. Census as well as evidence and testimony presented at public hearings before the Town Commission, and after consideration of the Short- Term Rental Housing Restrictions White Paper, prepared by Robinson & Cole, Attorneys at Law, in 2011, prepared for the National Association of Realtors®, the Town Commission finds:

(A) Residents residing within their residential dwelling units are inherently familiar with the local surroundings, local weather disturbances, local hurricane evacuation plans, and means of egress from their residential dwellings, thereby minimizing potential risks to themselves and their families.

(B) In contrast, transient occupants of vacation rentals, due to their transient nature, are typically not familiar with local surroundings, local weather disturbances, local hurricane evacuation plans, and means of egress from the vacation rentals in which they are staying, thereby increasing potential risks to themselves and their families, and putting an additional burden on, and potentially putting at risk, emergency personnel in the event of an emergency situation.

(C) Certain vacation rentals ~~may be~~ are presently located operating within the 1-RS, 2-RS, 3-RS, 4-RM, 5-RMO, and 8-B zoning districts of the Town of Melbourne Beach without registering with the Town and are in violation of the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

(D) Vacation rentals, left unregulated, can create negative impacts within residential neighborhoods due to excessive noise, parking and traffic problems, excessive use and impact on public services and public works, extreme size, and/or greater occupancy.

(E) Vacation rentals situated within residential neighborhoods can disturb the quiet nature and atmosphere of the residential neighborhoods and the quiet enjoyment of residents of such neighborhoods.

(F) Vacation rentals located within established residential neighborhoods can create negative compatibility impacts relating to extreme noise levels, late night activities, on-street parking issues, and traffic congestion.

(G) A residential dwelling is typically the single largest investment a family will make with the residents of the residential dwelling desiring the tranquility and peaceful enjoyment of their neighborhood without excessive noise and increased parking issues and traffic congestion caused by transient occupants of vacation rentals.

(H) According to the U.S. Census, (2010), the Town of Melbourne Beach has an average household size of 2.30 persons.

(I) According to the U.S. Census, (2010), the Town of Melbourne Beach has an average household size of owner-occupied units of 2.36 persons.

(J) According to the U.S. Census, (2010) the Town of Melbourne Beach has an average household size of renter-occupied units of 2.02 persons.

(K) Vacation rentals situated in the 1-RS, 2-RS, 3-RS, 4-RM, 5-RMO, and 8-B zoning districts Town of Melbourne Beach can and do create a great disparity in occupancy.

(L) The town finds that such rentals increase the demands upon code enforcement, police, fire, and emergency services beyond those created by non- vacation rental residential dwelling units.

(M) Vacation rental use and longer-term residential use and ownership can be generally incompatible, due to rapid turnover associated with short-term vacation residential use and its potentially disruptive effect on the peaceful use and enjoyment of residential areas.

(N) The primary reasonable investment-backed expectation of owners of residential dwelling units in the town is that adjacent and surrounding residential dwelling units will be used as family occupied residential units and not vacation rentals.

(O) Vacation rentals are a use that is more similar to the character of the use of hotels, motels, and timeshares than to that of family-occupied residential units.

(P) The regulation of vacation rentals will contribute to the stability of existing residential neighborhoods.

(Q) The regulation of vacation rentals will protect visitors to the town by assuring that fire and safety inspections are periodically conducted, that they receive necessary information

about the dwelling which they have rented, and notifying them of the owner of the dwelling's obligation to provide for their safety and welfare.

(R) The regulation of vacation rentals is necessary in order to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the town, its residents and its visitors.

§ 74-3. DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

BEDROOM. Any room in a vacation rental which has a bed or other place for sleeping and a separate closet that is an integral part of the permanent construction within the bedroom or an ensuite bathroom, and complies with the Florida Fire Code and Florida Life Safety Code as a bedroom, but shall not include a bathroom, a kitchen, a dining room, or any main living area. If a room has been added, altered, or converted without any required building permit having been granted, such room shall not be deemed a bedroom. If a previously approved bedroom exists as of the effective date of this chapter and does not have a separate closet that is an integral part of the permanent construction of the structure, but rather utilizes an armoire or other furniture piece for clothing storage, the requirement for a closet to qualify as a bedroom is waived.

DWELLING UNIT or LIVING UNIT. One (1) or more rooms with private bath and kitchen facilities comprising an independent self-contained dwelling unit.

FAMILY. Shall be defined as provided in § 1A-3, Appendix A, Land Development Code.

LIVING AREA. The minimum floor area of a residential dwelling as measured by its outside dimensions exclusive of carports, porches, sheds and attached garages. As used in this chapter, the total living area shall be computed as follows: the exterior dimensions of all enclosed spaces within the framework of the dwelling unit (length and width) multiplied and totaled, as follows:

- (1) Any room or area accessible from any other room or area within the framework shall constitute living area.
- (2) A room or area must be totally enclosed by walls and covered by roofing.
- (3) A room or area must be protected from the elements.
- (4) A utility room within the framework of the residential dwelling and accessible within the main living area constitutes living area.

OCCUPANT. Any person who occupies a vacation rental overnight.

OWNER-OCCUPIED. The vacation rental is then occupied by person(s), at the vacation rental owner's consent, who do not pay rent for the occupancy of the vacation rental, when such persons are members of the family of the vacation rental owner.

PEER-TO-PEER PLATFORM/ENTITY. Any person, service, business, company, marketplace, or other entity that, for a fee or other consideration, provides property owners and responsible parties a platform or means to offer vacation rentals to transient occupant whether through the internet or other means.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY. The owner, or the person designated by the owner of a vacation rental to be called upon to answer for the maintenance of the vacation rental and the conduct and acts of the occupants of the vacation rental.

TOWN CODE. The Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances and Land Development Code, Appendix "A" to the Code of Ordinances, including, but not limited to, the Zoning Code of the Town of Melbourne Beach, Florida, the Comprehensive Plan, the Future Land Use Map, and any items incorporated by reference.

TRANSIENT PUBLIC LODGING ESTABLISHMENTS. Any unit, group of units, dwelling, building, or group of buildings within a single complex of buildings which is rented to guests more than three times in a calendar year for periods of less than 30 days or one calendar month, whichever is less, or which is advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented to guests.

VACATION RENTAL. Collectively a vacation rental as defined under Florida Statutes, and any transient public lodging establishment, which is operated in a dwelling unit or living unit as defined under § 1A-3, Appendix A, Land Development Code in the 1-RS, 2-RS, 3-RS, 4-RM, 5-RMO, and 8-B zoning districts of the Town of Melbourne Beach.

VACATION RENTAL OWNER. The fee simple owner of the Vacation rental property, whether an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, trust, or other entity. In the event the vacation rental owner is not an individual, the vacation rental owner shall designate a responsible natural person to perform the functions and duties of a vacation rental owner as provided in this chapter. The duties and functions of a vacation rental owner may, at the option of the vacation rental owner, be performed by an agent of the vacation rental owner, so long as the vacation rental owner notifies the town in writing, on a form provided by the town, of the identity and contact information of such agent, and the specific duties that the agent will be performing for the vacation rental owner. The vacation rental owner may change the designation of agent at any time through the filing of a new form and the payment of an administrative fee in an amount as set by the Town Commission. The vacation rental owner shall be held responsible for all actions of such designated agent with respect to the applicable vacation rental.

§ 74-4. ENFORCEMENT.

Violations of this chapter shall be enforced as code violations in accordance with the provisions of Florida Statutes, Chapter 162, and §§ 11-15 through 11-22 of the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

§ 74-5. APPEALS.

Any decision of the Town Manager or his or her authorized designee relating to implementation of this chapter shall be rendered in writing in appealable form, and reviewed by the Town Attorney if a notice by the vacation rental owner or agent is filed with the Town Clerk within ten days after the action to be reviewed. The Town Clerk or designee shall place the matter on the agenda of the next available meeting of the Town Commission, but no later than 35 days after the notice by the vacation rental owner or agent is filed, at which the matter will be reviewed. The decision of the Town Commission shall be final and shall be rendered in writing in appealable form. Such final decision may be reviewed as permitted under Florida law.

§ 74-6. CONSTRUCTION OF CHAPTER.

This chapter shall be liberally construed to accomplish its purpose of regulating vacation rentals, protecting the residential character of the 1-RS, 2-RS, 3-RS, 4-RM, 5-RMO, and 8-B zoning districts of the Town of Melbourne Beach, the health, safety, and general welfare of its residents and visitors, and the quiet enjoyment by Melbourne Beach residents of their residential property located in the 1-RS, 2-RS, 3-RS, 4-RM, 5-RMO, and 8-B zoning districts within the Town of Melbourne Beach.

§§ 74-7. – 74-14. RESERVED.

ARTICLE II. VACATION RENTAL REGISTRATION

§ 74-15. REGISTRATION REQUIRED.

As of August 1, 2020, a vacation rental registration shall be required to operate a vacation rental within the Town of Melbourne Beach in the 1-RS, 2-RS, 3-RS, 4-RM, 5-RMO, and 8-B zoning districts, utilizing forms promulgated by the town, electronically or in hard copy. The town may extend the date that such registration is required by notice on the town's website should the town not publish forms and fees for registration by July 1, 2020. Prior to the issuance of a vacation rental registration certificate, the responsible party has the affirmative duty to ensure that the residential dwelling unit and property in or on which the vacation rental is or will be located, is in full compliance with the appropriate portions of Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances, the Florida Building Code, the Florida Administrative Code, and the Florida Fire Prevention Codes. A separate vacation rental registration shall be required for each separate residential dwelling unit constituting a vacation rental. The operation of a vacation rental without registration after the date registration is required shall be a violation of this chapter, except in the instance of providing accommodations to fulfill a pre-existing contract.

§ 74-16. VACATION RENTAL REGISTRATION.

(A) A vacation rental owner, agent, or responsible party, as applicable, registering a vacation rental with the town shall submit to the town a completed registration form, utilizing a form promulgated by the town, together with all applicable registration and inspection fees in the amount set by resolution of the Town Commission.

(B) A registration application shall include the following:

(1) Full address of the vacation rental property being registered, along with proof of ownership;

(2) Name, physical address, phone number, and e-mail, of the vacation rental owner;

(3) Name, physical address, e-mail, and emergency contact phone number of responsible party for the vacation rental, which shall be a 24-hour, seven days a week contact number;

(4) The vacation rental's current and active license number as a transient public lodging establishment issued by the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation (DBPR), if the registrant has such license;

(5) A copy of the vacation rental's current and active certificate of registration with the Florida Department of Revenue and Brevard County for sales and tourist development tax collection, respectively, if the registrant has such certificates or accounts; unless a peer-to-peer platform entity through which the vacation rental is booked will be remitting all such taxes associated with the vacation rental on the responsible party's behalf;

(6) Business tax receipt from the Town of Melbourne Beach, if applicable, in accordance with Chapter 65, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances;

(7) Statement attesting to the number of bedrooms and paved off-street parking spaces available on the property demonstrating compliance with § 7A-50, Land Development Code regarding off-street parking and affirming that, "parking serving the vacation rental shall be in compliance with all town parking requirements;"

(8) Exterior site sketch. An exterior sketch of the vacation rental facility shall be provided. The sketch shall show and identify all structures, pools, spas, hot tubs, fencing, and uses, including areas provided for off-street parking. For purposes of the sketch, off-street parking spaces shall be delineated so as to enable a fixed count of the number of spaces provided. At the option of the vacation rental owner, such sketch may be hand drawn and need not be professionally prepared, but must be scaled, must show dimensions, and must show scale;

(9) Interior building sketch by floor. A building sketch by floor shall be provided, showing a floor layout identifying all bedrooms, other rooms, exits, hallways, stairways, and safety equipment as applicable. At The option of the vacation rental owner, such sketch may be hand drawn, and need not be professionally prepared, but must be scaled, must show dimensions, and must show scale;

(10) Acknowledgment signed by the vacation rental owner, agent, or designated responsible party, understanding and agreeing to initial and ongoing compliance with this chapter and all other applicable local, state, and federal laws, regulations, and standards; and

(11) The landline telephone number on the main level and in the common area at the vacation rental with the ability to call 911 as required by §§ 74-35 through 74-39.

(C) If a registration form is incomplete, the registrant will be notified of the deficiency, and be allowed 15 days to provide any missing information.

(D) The operation of a vacation rental without registration after the date registration is required shall be a violation of this article and is considered irreparable. The advertising or advertisement of an unregistered vacation rental is direct evidence of offering a property for rent as a vacation rental in violation of § 74-15 and the advertising or advertisement is admissible in any enforcement proceeding. The advertising or advertisement evidence raises a rebuttable presumption that the residential property named in the notice of violation or any other report or as identified in the advertising or advertisement was used in violation of § 74-15. Every day of such operation, advertising, or advertisement without registration shall constitute a separate violation.

(E) Any vacation rental being advertised or promoted must include the approved registration number issued by the town. The advertisement or promotion of a vacation rental without the approved registration number issued by the town shall constitute prima facie evidence of a violation of this article.

§ 74-17. MODIFICATION/CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP OF VACATION RENTAL REGISTRATION.

(A) An amendment of a vacation rental registration application and affidavit of compliance shall be required, with payment of the appropriate fee set by resolution, in the event that any of the following changes to the vacation rental are proposed:

(1) An increase in the number of bedrooms in the vacation rental.

(2) An increase or decrease in the number of parking spaces or a change in the location of parking spaces for the vacation rental.

(3) A change in the designated responsible party,

(B) A change of ownership shall require a new application and all required documents including appropriate fees set by resolution.

§ 74-18. DURATION OF VACATION RENTAL REGISTRATION.

A vacation rental registration shall be valid for one year after the date of registration.

§ 74-19. RENEWAL OF VACATION RENTAL REGISTRATION.

A vacation rental owner must renew its registration annually prior to the expiration date of the previous vacation rental registration. At the time of said renewal, the vacation rental shall be subject to an annual inspection and applicable renewal fees shall apply.

§ 74-20. INSPECTION OF VACATION RENTALS.

(A) Inspection of a vacation rental to verify compliance with the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire and Life Safety Codes, which governed at the time of completion of the construction of the subject residential dwelling unit, shall be required subsequent to the initial registration of the vacation rental and annually after each renewal. If instances of noncompliance are found, all such instances of noncompliance shall be handled as other violations of the Florida Building Code and Florida Fire and Life Safety Codes are otherwise handled in the town. Enforcement of violations of the Florida Building Code and Florida Fire and Life Safety Codes by the town shall not affect rental contracts that preexist the effective date of this chapter unless such violations present a heightened threat the public, health, safety, and welfare of the occupants of a vacation rental. This inspection fee shall be set by Resolution of the Town Commission.

(B) Annual inspections to verify compliance with the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire and Life Safety Codes, and the posting of notice requirements required herein shall be made by the town or designated contractor through appointment with the vacation rental owner, agent, or responsible party, as applicable. The annual inspection fee shall be set by Resolution of the Town Commission. If a Town Inspector or designated contractor has made an appointment with vacation rental owner or agent, as applicable, for an inspection, and the Town Inspector or designated contractor is unable to complete the inspection as a result of an action or inaction of the vacation rental owner, agent, responsible party, or an occupant of the vacation rental, the vacation rental owner shall be charged a "re-inspection" fee in an amount set by resolution of the Town Commission to cover the inspection expense incurred. The re-inspection fee shall be paid prior to scheduling the re-inspection. In addition, failure of a vacation rental owner agent, or responsible party, as applicable, to make the vacation rental available for an inspection within 20 days after notification by the town in writing that the town is ready to conduct an annual inspection, shall be a violation of this chapter punishable by a fine as set by resolution by the Town Commission. Such violation shall continue until the inspection is accomplished. Each day that such violation continues shall be a separate violation. Such violation may be enforced in accordance with § 74-4, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

§ 74-21. SALE OF VACATION RENTAL PROPERTY.

When the ownership of the vacation rental is sold or otherwise transferred, the new owner shall file a new registration with the town within 30 days from the date of the sale or transfer. Failing such application for registration, any Certificate of Compliance as to that Vacation Rental Property shall be null and void on the thirty-first day after such sale or transfer.

§ 74-22. VESTED RIGHTS/WAIVER/ESTOPPEL.

A vacation rental registration shall not be construed to establish any vested rights or entitle the registered vacation rental to any rights under the theory of estoppel. A vacation rental registration shall not be construed as a waiver of any other requirements contained within the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances and is not an approval of any other Town Code requirement outside this chapter. The registration of a vacation rental is not an approval of a use or activity that would otherwise be illegal under Florida law, the Florida Building Code, the Florida Fire Code or Life Safety Code, or in violation of the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

§ 74-23. FALSE INFORMATION.

It shall be unlawful for any person to give any false or misleading information in connection with any application for registration, modification, or renewal of a vacation rental as required by this chapter. Vacation rental applications shall be sworn to under penalty of perjury. Any false statements made in an application shall be a basis for the revocation of any license issued pursuant to such application. In addition, such violations shall be enforced as provided in § 74-4, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

§ 74-24. EFFECTIVE DATE FOR EXISTING REGISTERED VACATION RENTALS.

The provisions of § 74-15 through § 74-23 will not become effective for existing registered vacation rental properties until March 1, 2025. If the registration forms to implement the required registration provisions of this chapter are not available on July 1, 2020, the town may extend the requirement to register vacation rental properties by notice on the town's website. Existing registered vacation rentals that are in full compliance with this Chapter and the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances will have the greater of one hundred eighty (180) days or the end of their current registration period to become compliant with this Chapter.

§ 74-25. DUTIES OF VACATION RENTAL OWNER OR RESPONSIBLE PARTY.

(A) Every vacation rental owner or responsible party, as applicable, shall be available by phone at the listed phone number 24-hours a day, seven days a week to respond to police, fire, or other emergency personnel requests. Otherwise, response to attempted contact by the town's vacation rental regulatory personnel shall be required only Monday through Friday, except holidays, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Failure of the vacation rental owner or responsible party, as applicable, to fulfill this duty, shall constitute a violation of this chapter which shall be punished by fine in accordance with § 74-4, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

(B) Responsible party. All vacation rental units, if not managed by the vacation rental owner, shall have a designated responsible party.

(1) The responsible party shall be available 24 hours per day, seven days a week, for the purpose of promptly responding to complaints regarding conduct or behavior of vacation rental occupants or alleged violations of these regulations. The responsible party must have authority to immediately address and take affirmative action, within one hour of notice from the town, on violations concerning life-safety, noise, and parking violations. A record shall be kept by the town of the complaint and the responsible party's response, as applicable.

(2) A vacation rental owner may change his or her designation of a responsible party temporarily, up to 30 cumulative days during any consecutive 12-month period, or permanently; however, there shall only be one designated responsible party for each vacation rental property at any given time. To change the designated agent or responsible party, the vacation rental owner shall notify the town in writing including all information required by § 74-16(B)(3) Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances, along with a signed affidavit from the new responsible party acknowledging and agreeing to serve in this capacity and perform the duties of this chapter. Any notice of violation or legal process which has been delivered or served upon the previous responsible party, prior to the town's receipt of notice of change of the responsible party, shall be deemed effective service.

(3) It shall be the sole responsibility of the vacation rental owner to appoint a reliable responsible party and to inform the town of his or her correct mailing address, telephone number, and email address. Failure to do so shall not be a defense to a violation of this section. Service of notice on the responsible party shall be deemed service of notice on the vacation rental owner, occupant, or violator.

(C) (1) A vacation rental owner or responsible party is responsible for ensuring sexual offenders/predators as defined in Florida Statutes § 775.21, § 943.0435, § 944.607, or § 985.4815 register at the Brevard County Sheriff's office and the Town of Melbourne Beach Police Department following the process set forth in § 775.21, 48 hours prior to arrival at a vacation rental, regardless of the length of stay.

(2) A vacation rental owner and/or responsible party shall comply with Florida Law, § 775.215, as amended from time to time, and § 73-53 of the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances pertaining to the distance separation of homes with a sexual offender/predator residing within the vacation rental and any business, school, child care facility, park, playground, or other places where children regularly congregate.

(3) Failure to comply with this section shall constitute a violation of this chapter and shall result in the revocation of the business tax receipt, if applicable, and vacation rental registration for the vacation rental and other enforcement provisions outlined in § 74-4, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

(D) The vacation rental owner or responsible party shall inquire prior to check-in if any guest of at the vacation rental is a sexual offender/predator as defined in § 775.21, § 943.0435, § 944.607, or § 985.4815. If any guest of a vacation rental is a sexual offender/predator as defined in § 775.21, § 943.0435, § 944.607, or § 985.4815, the operator shall immediately notify the Melbourne Beach Police Department. A vacation rental owner and/or responsible party shall obtain a sexual predator background check for each vacation rental occupant who is 18 years of age or older at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to check-in, a copy of the photo identification of each vacation rental occupant who is 18 years of age or older prior to check-in, and shall maintain those records for a period of one year from the date of check-in and make such records available to the town upon request.

(E) The owner or responsible party shall provide the town, and post in a conspicuous place in the living area of the vacation rental, the name, address, and day/evening telephone numbers of the responsible party who shall be available 24 hours per day, seven days a week for the purpose of promptly responding to complaints regarding conduct or behavior of vacation rental occupants or alleged violations of these regulations. Any change in the responsible party shall require written notification to the town on forms provided by the town and in a manner promulgated by the town upon payment of the applicable fees.

(F) Complaints made to the responsible party concerning violations of this chapter by occupants of vacation rental shall be responded to within a reasonable time but in no instance greater than three hours. A record of the complaint and of the responsible party's response shall be maintained in the file for the registration of the vacation rental and shall be available for inspection of the public during business hours of the town in accordance with Florida's public record law.

(G) It shall be the sole responsibility of the vacation rental owner to appoint a reliable responsible party and to inform the responsible party of his or her correct contact information. Failure to do so shall not be a defense to the town's claim of delivery of notice of a violation of this chapter to the responsible party. No vacation rental owner shall designate as a responsible party any person who does not expressly comply with the provisions of this section. The vacation rental owner or the responsible party shall be deemed to be the "violation" of this chapter as the term is used in Florida Statutes § 162.06. Service of notice on the responsible party shall be deemed service of notice on the vacation rental owner, occupant, or violator.

§§ 74-26. – 74-34. RESERVED.

ARTICLE III. STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS FOR VACATION RENTALS

§ 74-35. GENERALLY.

The standards and requirements set forth in this Article shall apply to the rental, use, and occupancy of vacation rentals in the Town of Melbourne Beach.

§ 74-36. MINIMUM LIFE/SAFETY AND OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

Vacation rentals in the Town of Melbourne Beach shall meet all applicable standards under the Florida Statutes, the Florida Building Code, the Florida Administrative Code, the Florida Swimming Pool Safety Act, and the Florida Fire Code and Life Safety Code. Each vacation rental shall also have the following:

(A) At least one landline telephone on the main level and in a common living area with the ability to call 911. The landline telephone number shall be registered at all times with Brevard County Emergency Management for the purpose of receiving emergency alerts for items including, but not limited to, mandatory evacuations for hurricanes and requests to limit utility usage. Additionally, the landline telephone number shall be registered at all times with the City of Melbourne, the water provider within the Town of Melbourne Beach, for the purposes of receiving boil water alerts and rescinding alerts.

(B) A swimming pool, spa, or hot tub shall comply with the current standards of Florida Statutes, Chapter 515, Residential Swimming Pool Safety Act.

(C) Smoke and carbon monoxide (CO) detection and notification system. There shall be a smoke and carbon monoxide detection system, installed and maintained in compliance with the requirements of Florida Building Code Residential, Sections R314 Smoke Alarms R315 Carbon Monoxide Alarms. Smoke and carbon monoxide detection systems shall have both audio and visual warning function capabilities.

(D) Fire extinguisher. On each floor there shall be available a portable, multi-purpose dry chemical 2A: 1 0B:C fire extinguisher, which shall be installed and maintained in compliance with NFPA 10.

(E) Battery powered emergency lighting. Battery powered emergency lighting, which illuminates automatically for at least one hour when electricity is interrupted, is required at each building exit.

§ 74-37. MAXIMUM OCCUPANCY BASED ON SITE CAPACITY/LIMITATIONS/GRANDFATHERING.

(A) The maximum occupancy of a vacation rental shall be stated in the vacation rental registration form and shall be limited to the lesser of: two occupants per bedroom plus two occupants in one common living area, with a maximum capacity of 12 persons in any vacation rental.

(1) Two (2) occupants per bedroom.

(2) A total of ten (10) occupants per vacation rental.

(B) The maximum occupancy restriction as set forth above shall not apply when the property serves as the primary residence of, and is occupied by, the vacation rental owner.

(C) Notwithstanding the above, residential dwelling unit that is being used as a vacation rental on the effective date of this chapter, may apply for grandfathered status, which, if granted, allows operation of the grandfathered vacation rental at a capped occupancy rate higher than ~~12~~ 10 occupants for a period not to exceed ~~ten~~ one year. Vacation rentals that have an occupancy of ~~12~~ 10 occupants or less do not require grandfathering to maintain that occupancy.

(1) A grandfathered vacation rental shall have its maximum occupancy based upon two persons per bedroom and two additional persons per one common living area being utilized for the occupants of the vacation rental at the time of application for grandfathered status. A change in the number of bedrooms at the vacation rental shall cause such vacation rental to lose its grandfathered status.

(2) The vacation rental owner, agent, or responsible party, as applicable, ("grandfathering applicant"), shall complete a grandfathering application as prescribed by the town, which shall be submitted under oath and upon penalty of perjury and shall provide verifiable written proof of the number of bedrooms and living areas as herein defined in the vacation rental.

(3) The grandfathering application and supporting proof shall be submitted to the town for review by town staff which shall make a written determination as to the maximum occupancy of the grandfathered vacation rental.

(4) If the town staff denies the requested occupancy level, the Town of Melbourne Beach shall notify the grandfathering applicant of the denial and shall provide the maximum approved occupancy level for the vacation rental in writing. Within 20 days after the service of the written notice, the grandfathering applicant may appeal the denial of the grandfathering application to the Town Commission by filing a written appeal with the Town Clerk. At the hearing on said appeal, the grandfathering applicant may present evidence supporting the requested occupancy. A final determination of occupancy by the Town Commission after the hearing of said appeal shall be final. Such final determination may be reviewed as permitted under Florida law. If no written appeal is filed within the 20-day period stated herein, the occupancy determined by the town staff shall be final.

(5) An application for grandfathered status shall be submitted, no later than the time of initial registration of the vacation rental, along with fees established by the Town Commission by resolution. If the town extends the date that registration is required, the deadline for the submission of grandfathering applications shall also be extended to the same extended date. If a vacation rental has been registered, but a final determination as to the occupancy level based upon grandfathering has not yet been made, such vacation rental may allow occupancy up to the occupancy requested in the grandfathering application until such time as a final determination as to occupancy has been made.

(6) If it is reasonably determined by the town staff that any information supplied to the Town of Melbourne Beach in support of a grandfathering application was intentionally false or fraudulent, such action shall be deemed to be a violation of this chapter and may be enforced in accordance with § 74-4, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

(7) If a vacation rental registration remains expired period in excess of ~~13 months~~ 60 days, any grandfathering determination shall be deemed abandoned and shall no longer be applicable to the previously registered vacation rental.

(D) All marketing and/or advertising for vacation rentals must contain information concerning the occupancy limit of the vacation rental. Advertising for more than the allowable occupancy or failure to include such occupancy limits is prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

§ 74-38. PARKING, SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL, LEGAL COMPLIANCE, EVACUATIONS, MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

(A) All vehicles associated with the vacation rental, including visitors not residing at the vacation rental, must be parked in compliance with §§ 30-41 through 30-48 of the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances. All vehicles utilized by the occupants of the vacation rental must be parked within a driveway located on the subject property. There shall be no sidewalk, on street, right-of-way, or grass parking. The maximum collective number of automobiles, trucks, boats, motorcycles, and trailers shall be limited to a total of four (4) at any vacation rental. Violations of this section may be punished through town parking citations in accordance with section 30-44 of this code or ordinances, and vehicles parked in violation of the approved parking plan or which otherwise interfere with convenient vehicle access to and through the neighborhood are subject to being towed at the vehicle owner's expense.

(B) Parking of trailers, boats, and recreational vehicles at vacation rentals shall be in accordance with § 7A-57, Appendix "A," Land Development Code.

(C) Solid waste disposal (household garbage, recycling, and yard trash) at vacation rentals shall be in compliance with the solid waste franchise agreement adopted by the town.

(D) Vacation rental occupants are required to comply with all local, state, and federal laws at all times, including those related to illegal activities, local nuisance ordinances, and emergency management.

(E) Vacation rental occupants are required to participate in all mandatory evacuations due to hurricanes, tropical storms, or other threats to resident safety, as required by state and local laws.

(F) A vacation rental shall not be eligible for a special event permit under Chapter 52, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

(G) No temporary storage containers may be stored on the vacation rental premises. The term "temporary storage container" shall mean any container, structure, box, cylinder, or crate made of any material not permanently affixed to real property, that is enclosed or capable of being enclosed on all sides, top and bottom, that is stored, placed, located or put on any real property within the town for the purpose of storing personal property, construction material, trash, refuse, garbage, debris, or other material or matter. Provided, however, with prior authorization from the Building Department a temporary storage container may be authorized during valid construction permit activity for this location.

(H) Except for dwelling and living unit structures that constitute nonconforming structures pursuant to § 7A-83, Appendix A, Land Development Code, no accessory structure, vehicle, recreational vehicle, trailer, camper, or similar apparatus shall be utilized, rented, or registered as a Vacation Rental.

(I) All marketing and/or advertising for vacation rentals must contain the maximum parking available on the property. Advertising for more than the allowable parking or failure to include such parking limits is prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

§ 74.39. NOISE REGULATIONS; EXCEPTIONS.

No occupant or visitor of a vacation rental at any time shall create, or cause to be created any noise or sound which is clearly audible within any other residence when the residence in which the noise or sound is clearly audible has its windows and doors closed. This shall not include cries for emergency assistance or warning calls, properly functioning HVAC systems, pool pumps, lawn mowers, leaf blowers, or fire alarms or burglar alarms prior to the giving of notice and a reasonable opportunity for the owner or tenant in possession of the vacation rental served by any such alarm to turn off the alarm. The provisions of this section are in addition to other noise regulations generally applicable in the town.

§ 74.40. NOISE REGULATIONS; PENALTIES.

- (a) Noise violations may be enforced utilizing any legal means, including, but not limited to, citations issued by code officers, police officers, or any other person designated by the Town Manager, arrest, actions before the special magistrate, or injunctive relief. Citations issued to renters shall be in amounts as set by resolution of the Town Commission.
- (b) If there are three (3) noise violations with citations (whether such violations are paid, or if they are challenged and the special magistrate upholds such citation), issued over a rolling period of twelve (12) months, the special magistrate, at the request of the town, may deem the property a "noise nuisance property" to be effective for a period of twelve (12) months from the later of the special magistrate order deeming the property a "noise nuisance property" or any citation for a noise violation as to such property, and may impose one (1) or more of the following orders:

- (1) Require that whenever in the twelve (12) months following the special magistrate order there is a change of occupancy of the property (i.e., new people staying in and/or renting the noise nuisance property) the property owner or responsible party must provide proof to the town that the property owner or responsible party has visited the property during the first day of the stay of the new tenants and delivered a copy of the town's noise ordinances to the new occupants of the property and explained the seriousness of the violations of such ordinances and the fines and penalties which are applicable. Failure to provide said notice shall constitute operating without registration and the vacation rental owner shall be subject to the applicable fine for operating without a registration.
- (2) Require that the owner of the noise nuisance property shall be required to impose for all future rentals of the noise nuisance property over the next twelve (12) months, an additional deposit in an amount no less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), with the condition of the deposit being that it will be forfeited to the town if the renter or any occupant of the noise nuisance property receives a noise violation during the term of the rental agreement. All such renters and occupants shall be warned, by the property owner or responsible party, of such additional deposit and what would cause the forfeiture of such deposit prior to execution of the rental agreement. A prominent notice of the conditions of such deposit and the potential forfeiture of such deposit shall be posted in each and every noise nuisance property. Failure to require the additional deposit shall constitute a violation of town regulations and the property owner shall be subject to a penalty in the amount charged for operating without registration. Proof of the additional deposit must be provided to the town by the property owner or responsible party for each and every rental of the property as long as the property is designated a noise nuisance property.

§ 74-39 41. REQUIRED POSTING OF LOCAL INFORMATION IN A VACATION RENTAL AND IN AGREEMENT.

(A) In each vacation rental, there shall be posted, in a prominent location on the inside of the vacation rental, the following written information:

- (1) The official street address and landline telephone phone number of the vacation rental.
- (2) The name, address, and phone number of the vacation rental owner or responsible party as applicable.
- (3) The maximum occupancy of the vacation rental.
- (4) A copy of a document to be supplied by the town which includes excerpts from Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances of general application relevant to vacation rentals, including, but not limited to, solid waste and recycling pick-up regulations and days/times, regulations related to sea turtles and sea turtle lighting, parking, and noise

regulations. Said document shall also be included as an addendum to each vacation rental agreement. The town will make available to vacation rental owners and agents a copy of such document in digital format upon request and the town will post such document on its website.

(5) The maximum number of vehicles that will be allowed to park at the vacation rental, along with a sketch of the location of the paved off-street parking and a notice that visitors to the vacation rental, must comply with §§ 30-41 through 30-48, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

(6) Phone number and address of Holmes Regional Medical Center Melbourne and Health First Viera Hospital and directions from the vacation rental to the hospital.

(7) Emergency and nonemergency phone numbers for Melbourne Beach Police and Fire Departments.

(8) Emergency evacuation instructions.

(9) Rip currents are prevalent in the Atlantic Ocean here in Brevard County. Information from the National Weather Service, available via from <http://weather.gov/mlb> shall be provided to occupants on the dangers of rip currents that occur in the Atlantic Ocean shall be prominently displayed.

(10) Notice of the need for respect for the peace and quiet of neighborhood residents in compliance with Chapter 48, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances. A statement shall specifically provide that occupants shall be prohibited from making excessive or boisterous noise in or about any residential dwelling unit at all times.

(11) In addition, there shall be posted, next to the interior door of each bedroom, and the exterior doors exiting the vacation rental a legible copy of a building evacuation map - minimum eight and one-half inches by 11 inches.

(12) A vacation rental agreement must include a list of occupant names and a record of the license plate numbers of vehicles used by occupants during any rental term or such information shall be provided in writing to the vacation rental owner prior to, or at the time of, the commencement of the rental term. This information shall be maintained by a vacation rental owner for no less than one year from the commencement of the rental term.

§ 74-41. REGISTRATION SUSPENSION

The code enforcement magistrate or court may, in addition to assessing code enforcement fines and orders requiring compliance, as provided for in Chapter 11, Article II of the town's code of ordinances and state law, as may be amended, may order that the vacation rental owner's registration, and accompanying authorization to operate, may be suspended for the following reasons and for up to the corresponding suspension periods:

- (a) Knowingly submitting false information in support of a registration application as prohibited by section 74-23 for a period of up to one (1) year.
- (b) Three orders finding a violation of any provision of this article within a six-month period, where the orders finding violation have become final through any timely appeal, for a period of up to six (6) months.
- (c) Allowing a vacation rental to be rented by, and actually used by occupants, during a period of suspension, for a period of up to one (1) year.

§§ 74-402. – 74-49. RESERVED.

ARTICLE IV. EXEMPTIONS

§ 74-50. EXEMPTION FOR PRE- EXISTING RENTAL AGREEMENTS.

(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, rental agreements with prospective occupants for vacations rentals that were pre-existing as of the effective date of this chapter (hereinafter "Pre-existing Agreements") are exempt from the provisions of this chapter.

(B) If a vacation rental owner is cited for a violation of noncompliance with this chapter, when the vacation rental is occupied under the terms of a pre-existing agreement, the vacation rental owner may defend such violation based on the fact that the vacation rental was exempt from this chapter due to it being occupied pursuant to a pre-existing agreement. Such defense shall be determined based upon the following information, and upon any additional information supplied by the vacation rental owner:

- (1) Copy of deposit or payment information evidencing a pre-existing agreement;
- (2) Copy of e-mail or other communication evidencing a binding pre-existing agreement;
- (3) Information from the occupant confirming that there was a binding preexisting agreement; or
- (4) Written vacation rental agreement dated prior to April 15, 2020.

(C) Any person who supplies false or fraudulent information supporting a pre-existing agreement shall be in violation of this chapter and shall be subject to enforcement in accordance with § 74-4, Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances.

(D) Determination of exemption of a pre-existing agreement for a vacation rental from the requirements of this chapter under this section shall not exempt the occupants of the vacation rental from compliance with all other Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances requirements, including those related to noise, parking, nuisances.

§ 74-51. EXEMPTION FOR OWNER-OCCUPIED VACATION RENTALS.

The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to owner occupied vacation rentals or property which qualifies as homestead under the Florida Constitution and Florida law. Any person desiring to qualify for the exemption herein shall file an affidavit in substantially the following form:

"Affidavit of Exemption"

State of

County

Before me the undersigned authority personally appeared (hereinafter the "Owner") who upon oath deposes and states:

1. I am over the age of 18 and competent to make this Affidavit.
2. I own the following real property in the Town of Melbourne Beach, Brevard County, State of Florida:

(Legal description and Street Address)

3. Check one or both as applicable:

☐ I currently occupy the property described in Paragraph 2 above and have resided on this property continuously and uninterruptedly from (date) to the date of this Affidavit.

Or

☐ I have applied for and received the homestead tax exemption as to the above-described property, that is the tax identification parcel number of this property, and that the undersigned has resided on this property continuously and uninterruptedly from (date) to the date of this Affidavit.

4. The purpose of this Affidavit is to qualify for exemption from the Chapter 74 of the Town of Melbourne Beach Code of Ordinances regulating Vacation Rentals.

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me by means of or online notarization, this day of (year) by "Notary".

Section 4. Codification. The provisions of this Ordinance shall be included and incorporated into the Code of Ordinances of the Town of Melbourne Beach, as additions or amendments thereto.

Section 5. Severability. Should any word, phrase, sentence, subsection, or section be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal, void, unenforceable, or unconstitutional, then that word, phrase, sentence, subsection, or section so held shall be severed from this Ordinance

and all other words, phrases, sentences, subsections, or sections shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 6. Conflicting Ordinances. All ordinances or part thereof, in conflict herewith are, to the extent of such conflict, repealed.

Section 7. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon its passage and adoption.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this ____ day of _____, 2024, by the Town Commission of the Town of Melbourne Beach, Florida.

PASSED ON FIRST READING: _____

PASSED ON SECOND READING: _____

TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH, FLORIDA

By: _____
ALISON DENNINGTON, Mayor

ATTEST:

(TOWN SEAL)

Amber Brown, Town Clerk

**INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE CITY OF INDIAN HARBOUR BEACH AND THE TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH
REGARDING AUTOMATIC AID FOR FIRE PROTECTION AND RESCUE SERVICES**

THIS INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT (hereinafter referred to as the "Agreement") is made and entered into this _____ day of _____, 2025, by and between the **City of Indian Harbour Beach**, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, (hereinafter referred to as the "City") and the **Town of Melbourne Beach**, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, (hereinafter referred to as the "Town"). The City of Indian Harbour Beach and the Town of Melbourne Beach are sometimes individually referred to as "Party" and collectively referred to as the "Parties" in this Agreement.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, both Parties presently maintain and operate emergency service departments within their respective municipalities that provide fire protection and other rescue services; and

WHEREAS, both Parties recognize that in times of emergency or disaster, an incident may be too great to be dealt with unassisted, or a situation may arise in which a party is not able to expeditiously respond to an incident due to unforeseen circumstances; and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to enter into this Agreement for the purposes of allowing the City of Indian Harbour Beach and the Town of Melbourne Beach to share emergency resources, so as to better protect the lives and property of their citizens; and

WHEREAS, both Parties agree that it is in their respective best interests, and in the best interest of public health, safety and the welfare of their citizens, for the parties to share emergency resources; and

WHEREAS, this Agreement is authorized pursuant to Chapter 163, Florida Statutes, as an Interlocal Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual promises contained herein, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Purpose and Intent of Agreement

The intent of this arrangement is to provide the most efficient fire suppression and lifesaving services to the citizens protected by the respective Parties. This Agreement is not intended, and shall not be construed to in any way to deprive a Party of jurisdictional powers vested in said Party, nor is it the intention of the Parties to combine their individual Departments into a single department or district. Except to the extent agreed herein, the City of Indian Harbour Beach and the Town of Melbourne Beach agree that their respective Fire Departments will provide primary emergency services within their own jurisdictions.

Statement of Reciprocity – Both Parties agree to share emergency response resources for the purpose of providing of expeditious and effective emergency services delivery, and acknowledge that the services will be provided in a mutually beneficial manner, without expectation of monetary compensation or reimbursement for services identified, unless otherwise outlined in this Agreement.

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Section 2. Services Provided

- (a) **Automatic Aid** – To provide the highest level of fire protection and quickest response possible, the Parties hereby agree to provide Automatic Aid for all structural fire incidents, including residential and commercial structures, within the primary response areas of the Town of Melbourne Beach and the City of Indian Harbour Beach, as outlined in Appendix A. "Automatic Aid" means and refers to the automatic dispatch of, and response by, a fire suppression unit without the initiation of a mutual aid request. Automatic Aid shall be based on a mutually agreed upon and predefined process that results in the immediate response of emergency personnel by the Responding Party to the scene of an emergency in the Receiving Party's jurisdiction on behalf of, or along with, the Receiving Party, without regard to municipal City or Town boundaries. "Receiving Party" shall mean and refer to the authority having jurisdiction of the emergency incident location within the Response Area that is receiving automatic aid pursuant to this Agreement. "Responding Party" shall mean and refer to the authority responding to the request for automatic aid pursuant to this Agreement.
- (b) **Mutual Aid** – Should one of the Parties in this Agreement make a determination that aid is needed to expeditiously and effectively manage an emergency incident within their jurisdiction, they may request assistance from the other Party. The Responding (assisting) Party shall attempt to provide the requested apparatus, equipment, and/or personnel based on the availability of the resource(s) requested. The Parties agree to provide mutual aid for emergency requests for service including, but not limited to fires, fire alarms, medical emergencies, vehicle accidents, technical rescue scenarios, hazardous material incidents, water rescues, brush fires, and natural disasters. The Parties agree to provide such reciprocal assistance on an as-requested, mutual-aid basis, based on the availability of apparatus, equipment, and manpower.

Section 3. Operational Considerations

- (a) **Procedures for Requesting Automatic Aid** – For any confirmed or suspected structural fire, the Receiving Party's communication center shall automatically contact the Responding Party's communication center to fulfill the request and notify their agency. No formal request need be made to initiate assistance.
- (b) **Procedures for Requesting Mutual Aid** – A company officer, or higher authority, shall initiate the request for Mutual Aid through their own respective communication center. It is recognized that in the interest of public safety, this request may be made based upon dispatch information, prior to the Receiving (requesting) Party arriving on scene. Upon receipt of request, the Receiving Party's dispatch will then contact the Responding (assisting) Party's dispatch to fulfill the request and notify their agency.
- (c) **Predefined Response** – Unless otherwise requested, upon the notification of a Mutual or Automatic Aid request, the Responding Agency shall respond with a single, in-service, fire suppression apparatus that shall be staffed by a minimum of two (2), and no more than four (4) State of Florida certified Firefighters or Volunteer Firefighters; one of which must be designated as the apparatus's officer. A Chief Officer from the Responding Party shall be permitted to respond in addition to the apparatus on the initial response to assist with unit coordination.

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- (d) **Communication and Notification of Non-response** – Should either Party be unable to respond and provide Automatic or Mutual Aid in response to an emergency request, the declining Party shall immediately notify the dispatch center of the authority having jurisdiction
- (e) **Officer in Charge** – It is further agreed that the first arriving unit will establish incident command and manage the incident in accordance with established procedures until the mitigation of the incident, or until scene control is transferred to an officer having authority within the jurisdiction where the incident occurred. The first arriving command officer, will function as the incident commander. In the case where the first arriving command officer is not of the authority having jurisdiction for the area, incident command shall be transferred to the command officer of the authority having jurisdiction upon the arrival of such command officer. While providing Automatic or Mutual Aid, the Responding Party's personnel shall be subject to the orders and directions of the officer in charge of the operations.
- (f) **Service Standard** – The Responding Party and Receiving Party shall utilize National Fire Protection Standard 1500, as defined in Florida Statute 633, to ensure that the Incident Command System, the Personnel Accountability System, and the 2- in / 2-out standards are adhered to. Both Parties shall participate together in fireground company training on a quarterly basis.
- (g) **Release of Responding Party** – The Responding Party will be released from an Automatic or Mutual Aid request by the Receiving Party as soon as appropriate, based upon operational consideration or when the Receiving Party has adequate resources on scene to mitigate the emergency, as determined by the officer in charge of the scene. The authority having jurisdiction will be responsible for conducting any fire investigation.
- (h) **Extended Coverage** – If one Party is committed to an emergency scene for an extended period of time, they may request Mutual Aid for area coverage until they have sufficient resources to provide coverage for their own jurisdiction again. Based on availability, the Responding Party agrees to staff a unit, and standby in a geographically advantageous location, until released by the Requesting Party.
- (i) **Operational Limitations** – No department, officer or employee of the Parties to this Agreement shall perform any function or service not within the scope of the duties of such department, officer or employee in its respective primary jurisdiction.
- (j) **Disputes or Disagreements** - Disputes or disagreements as to the level of services and/or standards of performance shall be reported by the complaining Party to the Fire Chief, or their designee, of the Party that provided the service or took the action from which the complaint arose. Both departments shall meet to discuss and develop a resolution to the situation. The decision of the Fire Chief of each Party shall be final and conclusive as to the geographical boundaries of response, the level of services rendered or standards of performance observed by the Party's personnel.
- (k) **Responsibility** - The Authority Having Jurisdiction of the geographical location of the incident shall maintain ultimate responsibility for the handling of the incident, setting incident priorities, and supplying appropriate resources. The rendition service, standards of performance, discipline of officers and employees, and all other matters related to the performance of services by command personnel and the command and control of their personnel and equipment shall remain with each Party to this Agreement.

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Section 4. Term

This Agreement shall commence and be effective upon its approval and execution by the elected governing bodies of both Parties, and shall be effective for a period of two (2) years. After the initial two (2) year term, the agreement shall automatically renew each year, unless terminated or amended as described below in Section 5.

Section 5. Termination / Revision of Agreement

- (a) This Agreement may be terminated by either Party, with or without cause, upon written notice of termination to the other Party sixty (60) days prior to the date of such termination.
- (b) Either Party may request that this Agreement be amended. Such request must be placed in writing and address the reason for the amendment as well as provide proposed revised language. In order to be deemed effective, the amendment must be approved by the City/Town Manager, or designee, of both parties.

Section 6. Notification

Any required notice to be provided by either Party to this Agreement, other than an emergency call and dispatch, shall be delivered to the other Party's representative at the following locations:

David Lewis, Fire Chief
Indian Harbour Beach Vol. Fire Dept.
1116 Pine Tree Drive,
Indian Harbour Beach, FL 32937

Gavin Brown, Fire Chief
Melbourne Beach Vol. Fire Dept.
507 Ocean Avenue,
Melbourne Beach, FL 32951

With a copy to:

John W. Coffey, City Manager
City of Indian Harbour Beach
2055 S Patrick Drive,
Indian Harbour Beach, FL 32937

Elizabeth Mascaro, Town Manager
Town of Melbourne Beach
507 Ocean Avenue,
Melbourne Beach, FL 32951

Any notice to be sent under the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed to have been properly sent when personally delivered or mailed to the last known address of the Parties, as the case may be, with appropriate copies as set forth above. A mailing is deemed received at the time of hand delivery or five (5) days after mailing. Either Party hereto may unilaterally change the person to whom a mailing is to be sent or the address of said person by giving notice to the other Party as provided for herein. This Agreement may be terminated by either Party, with or without cause, upon written notice of termination to the other Party sixty (60) days prior to the date of such termination.

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Section 7. Employee Status

Persons employed by a Party to this Agreement in the performance of services and functions pursuant to this Agreement shall have no claim on the other Party to this Agreement for pension, worker's compensation, unemployment compensation, civil service, or any other employee rights or privileges granted by operation of law or otherwise to the officers and employees of the other Party to this Agreement.

Section 8. Liabilities and Responsibilities of Parties

- (a) No Party hereto, its respective officers or employees, shall assume any liability for the acts, omissions or negligence of the other Party, its officers or employees.
- (b) All of the privileges and immunities from liability, exemptions from laws, ordinances and rules, and all pensions and relief, disability, worker's compensation and other benefits which apply to the activity of officers or employees of a Party when performing their respective functions within the territorial limits for their respective agencies shall also apply to the same degree and extent to the performance of such functions and duties extraterritorially when accomplished pursuant to this Agreement.
- (c) Except as herein otherwise provided, all liability for injury to personnel and loss or damage of equipment shall be borne by the Party employing such personnel and owning such equipment.
- (d) In the event one of the Parties provides emergency medical services, it shall provide such services under the direction of its own medical director utilizing its own BLS/ALS protocols.
- (e) The Parties further agree that nothing contained herein is intended to nor shall be construed a waiver of the City's or Town's rights and immunities under Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, as amended from time to time.

Section 9. Compensation and Reimbursement between Agencies

- (a) Each Party agrees to furnish necessary equipment, resources, and facilities in order to render mutual and automatic aid services to the other Party in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. However, neither Party shall be required to deplete its own equipment, resources, facilities, and services in furnishing such aid.
- (b) Either agency furnishing any equipment pursuant to this Agreement shall bear the costs for any loss or damage to such equipment and shall pay any expense incurred in the operations, maintenance and repair of that equipment.
- (c) Either agency furnishing aid pursuant to this Agreement shall compensate its employees during the time such aid is rendered and shall defray all associated employee cost while employee is rendering aid.

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- (d) The Receiving (requesting) Party shall either replace, or provide reimbursement for, those nontraditional extraordinary services or consumable materials, which were used by the Responding Party furnishing mutual or automatic aid services. This paragraph shall apply to items such as, but not limited to, firefighting foam, HAZMAT protective clothing, and absorbent materials.
- (e) It shall be the responsibility of the agency furnishing aid hereunder to notify the Receiving (requesting) Party of any items for which reimbursement or replacement is requested. This notification shall include information regarding quantity used, manufacturer's name, local supplier, and specific item(s) used.

Section 10. Implementation

The aforementioned agency's Fire Chiefs will meet and develop an implementation plan, which will include updating their individual Standard Operating Procedures, training their employees/volunteers regarding the changes, and working with their Communications Centers to implement the changes.

Section 11. Auditing, Records and Inspection

- (a) In the performance of this Agreement, both Parties shall keep books, records, and accounts of all activities, related to the Agreement, in compliance with generally accepted accounting procedures, as adopted by the Department of Financial Services, as set forth in Rule 691-61.0012, Florida Administrative Code, as amended or suspended from time to time, or the Auditor General. Books, records, and accounts related to the performance of this Agreement shall be open to inspection during regular business hours by an authorized representative of the office and shall be retained by both Parties for a period of three (3) years after termination of this Agreement for accounting related records and for other public records, five (5) years after termination of this Agreement, unless otherwise required by law to be held for a longer period of time. All books, records, and accounts related to the performance of this Agreement shall be subject to the applicable provisions of Chapter 119, Florida Statutes and Section 401.30, Florida Statutes.
- (b) No reports, data, programs or other materials produced, in whole or in part for the benefit and use of either Party pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to copyright protection in the United States or any other country.
- (c) Both Parties agree to comply promptly with any request for public records or documents made in accordance with Section 119.07, Florida Statutes. Upon a request for public records related to this Agreement, the City or the Town, as the case may be, will inform promptly the other Party of the request and, upon request of the other Party, provide electronic copies of the responsive public records provided, at no additional cost to either Party, as the case may be.

Section 12. Jurisdiction, Venue and Choice of Law

All questions pertaining to the validity and interpretations of this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida. Any legal action by either Party against the other concerning this Agreement shall be filed in Brevard County, Florida, which shall be deemed proper jurisdiction and venue for the action, and any trial shall be nonjury.

**INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE CITY OF INDIAN HARBOUR BEACH AND THE TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH
REGARDING AUTOMATIC AID FOR FIRE PROTECTION AND RESCUE SERVICES**

Section 13. Attorney's Fees and Costs

In the event of any litigation between the Parties arising out of this Agreement, each party will bear its own attorney's fees and costs.

Section 14. Severability

In any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase or word of this Agreement, is for any reason held by a court to be unconstitutional, inoperative, or void, such holding will not affect the remainder of this Agreement. The remainder of this Agreement shall be effective and shall remain in full force and effect, unless amended or modified by mutual consent of the Parties.

Section 15. Indemnification/Hold Harmless

The Parties agree to defend, hold harmless, and indemnify each other subject to the provisions of this section and within the limitations of Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, as amended from time to time. To the extent allowed by Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, all employees and agents of each Party acting within the scope of this Agreement shall be entitled to sovereign immunity. Each Party agrees to be liable to the activities of its respective trustees, officers, employees, and agents (collectively referred to as "personnel"). The CITY OF INDIAN HARBOUR BEACH agrees to defend, hold harmless, and indemnify the TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH and its personnel from all claims, suits, judgments or damages, arising out of the acts or omissions of CITY, or CITY's employees or agents, subject to the sovereign immunity protections afforded to it under Florida law. The TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH agrees to defend, hold harmless, and indemnify the CITY OF INDIAN HARBOUR BEACH and its personnel from all claims, suits, judgments or damages, arising out of the acts or omissions of TOWN, or TOWN's employees or agents, subject to the sovereign immunity protections afforded to it under Florida law. This indemnification shall not apply to loss, injury, death or damages arising by reason of the other Party's negligence, either in whole or in part, and/or its personnel. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require either Party to indemnify or insure the other Party for the other Party's negligence or to assume any liability for the other Party or the negligence of its personnel.

This section applies to any act or omission done in accordance with the terms of this Agreement regardless of which Party's jurisdiction said act or omission occurs.

Nothing in this Agreement is intended to inure to the benefit of any third party for the purpose of allowing any claim which would otherwise be barred under the doctrine of sovereign immunity or by operation of law. Nothing herein shall constitute a waiver of either Party's sovereign immunity. The Parties acknowledge specific consideration has been exchanged for this provision. This indemnification section shall survive the termination of this Contract.

Section 16. Assignment

Neither the Town of Melbourne Beach nor the City of Indian Harbour Beach, its assigns or representatives, shall enter into any agreement with third parties to delegate any or all of the rights and responsibilities herein set forth without the prior written approval of the other party's governing body.

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Section 17. Independent Contractors

The Town of Melbourne Beach and the City of Indian Harbour Beach are each independent contractors of one another. It is specifically understood and agreed to by and between the Parties hereto that a material provision in this Agreement is that the relationship between the Town and the City is one in which each party and its employees are independent contractors of the other Party, and not as agents, employees, joint ventures, or other partners and neither are entitled to any benefits of the other Party. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to be inconsistent with this relationship or status.

Section 18. Entire Agreement

This Agreement, including exhibits, appendices, riders, and/or addenda, if any, attached hereto, sets forth the entire Agreement between the Parties. This Agreement shall not be modified except in writing and executed by all parties, except that the fire chiefs of the Town of Melbourne Beach and the City of Indian Harbour Beach are authorized to mutually agree in writing to changes in Operational Considerations as set forth in Section 3(a), 3(b), 3(c), 3(d), 3(e), 3(f), 3(g), and 3(h).

Section 19. Interpretation

Both the Town of Melbourne Beach and the City of Indian Harbour Beach have had the opportunity to consult with legal counsel and to participate in the drafting of this Agreement. Consequently, this Agreement shall not be more strictly or more harshly construed against either Party as the drafter hereof.

Section 20. Authorization

Pursuant to this Agreement, the City of Indian Harbour Beach and the Town of Melbourne hereby authorizes each party respectively to perform the duties and services required herein.

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REGARDING AUTOMATIC AID FOR FIRE PROTECTION AND RESCUE SERVICES**

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Automatic Aid Agreement on the dates as set forth below.

ATTEST:

CITY OF INDIAN HARBOUR BEACH, FLORIDA

Sue Frank, City Clerk

John Coffey, City Manager
This _____ day of _____, 2025.

Approved as to form and legality:

Reviewed for IHBVFD Content:

Karl Bohne, City Attorney

David Lewis, Fire Chief

ATTEST:

TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH, FLORIDA

Amber Brown, City Clerk

Elizabeth Mascaro, Town Manager
This _____ day of _____, 2025.

Approved as to form and legality:

Reviewed for MBVFD Content:

Ryan Knight, Town Attorney

Gavin Brown, Fire Chief

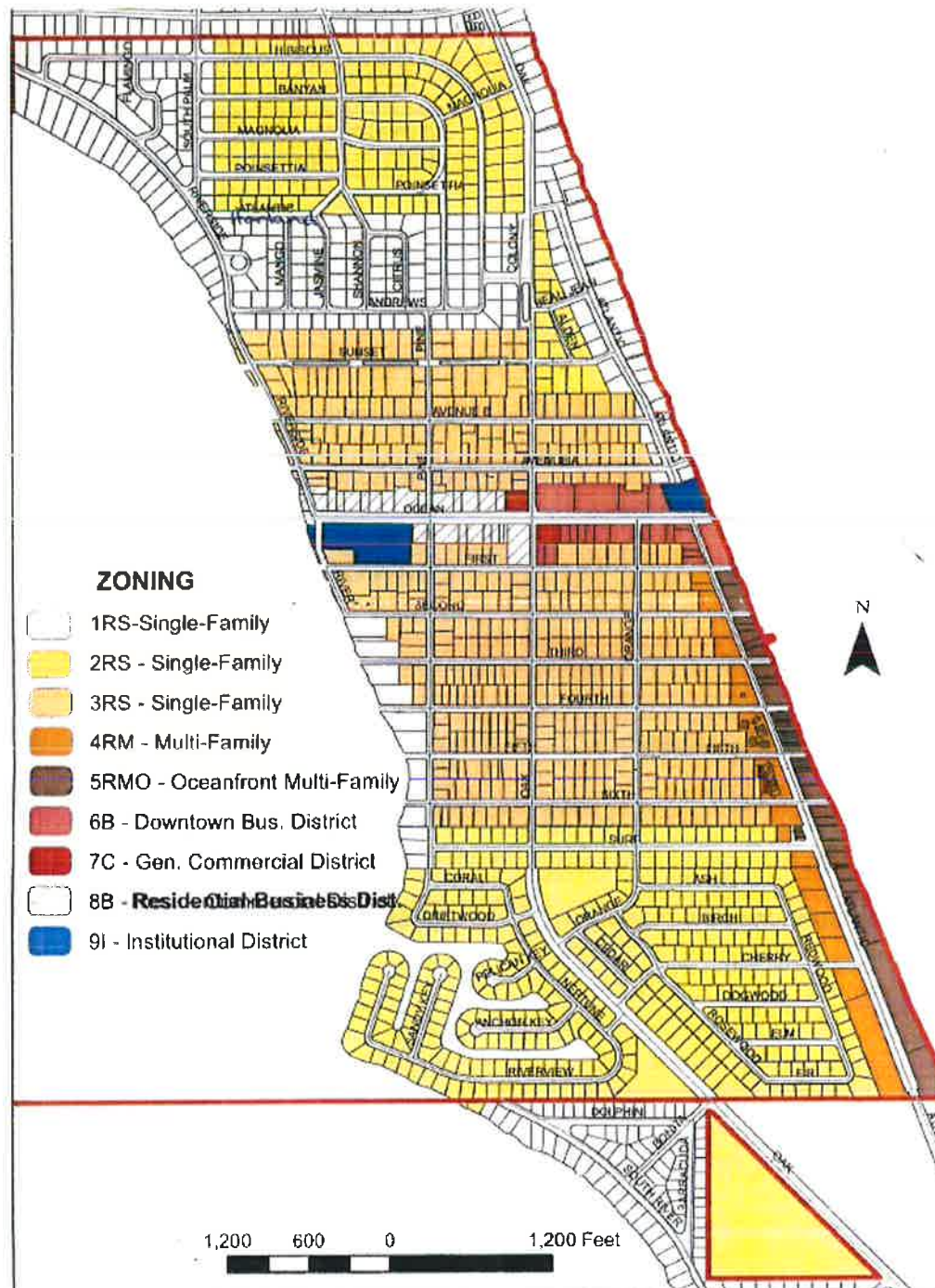
**INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN
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APPENDIX – A

Automatic Aid Response Areas for Structural Fires

Pictorial description of the City of Indian Harbour Beach and Town of Melbourne Beach legal boundaries.

Town of Melbourne Beach



INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF INDIAN HARBOUR BEACH AND THE TOWN OF MELBOURNE BEACH REGARDING AUTOMATIC AID FOR FIRE PROTECTION AND RESCUE SERVICES

City of Indian Harbour Beach

